

C44P/C20A Series, 330 – 1,000 VAC, 700 – 2,300 VDC, for PFC and AC Filter

Overview

The C44P/C20A Series are a polypropylene metallized film with cylindrical aluminium can type filled with oil, screw terminals, plastic insulator and overpressure safety device.

Applications

Typical applications include commutation, power factor correction and AC harmonic filtering.

Benefits

- Overpressure safety device
- High peak current capability
- High torque screw terminals with plastic insulator
- Long lifetime
- Self-healing

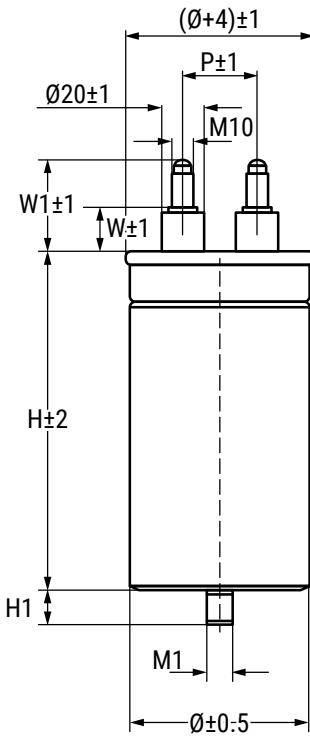


Part Number System

C	44	P	L		G	R	6	1	0	0	A	A	S	J
Series	Application	Rated Voltage (VAC)	Case Type	Terminal Style	Capacitance Code (pF)			Internal Code	Internal Codes	Tolerance				
MKP Capacitors for Power Applications	44 = 330 – 440 VAC 20 = 550 – 1,000 VAC	AC Filter P = C44 A = C20	For C44P: L = 330 K = 440	For C20A: K = 550 L = 640 Q = 780 Z = 1000	G = M12 bolt	R = Male M10	Digits 9 – 11 indicate the first three digits of capacitance value. Digit 8 indicates the number of zeros that must be added to obtain rated capacitance in pF.			A = Standard Z = Special			J = 5% K = 10%	

It is not possible to manufacture every part number which could be created from coding description. Please refer to table of standard part numbers and ask KEMET for other possibilities.

Dimensions – Millimeters



Diameter	P	W	W1	M1	H1
$\text{Ø} = 65$	28	18	40	12	16
$\text{Ø} \geq 75$	35	21	45	12	16
All dimensions are in mm					

Maximum Driving Torque	
Terminals M10	10 [N*m]
Bolt M12	12 [N*m]

General Technical Data

Reference Standards	IEC 61071 UL810 approved
Dielectric	Polypropylene film Non-inductive type winding
Climatic Category	25/70/56 – IEC 60068-1
Maximum hot spot temperature	+80°C
Endurance Test IEC 61071	+70°C at Case Temperature
Installation	Whatever position
Tinned brass deck with self extinguish UL94 V0 plastic insulators	

Electrical Characteristics

Rated Voltage	Urms = (see table) VAC
Surge Voltage	Us = (see table) VDC
Capacitance Tolerance	±5% or ±10%
Dissipation Factor PP typical (tgδ0)	≤ 0.0002 at 25°C
Relative Humidity	Annual average ≤ 80% at 24°C On 30 days/year permanently 100%. On other days occasionally 90%. Dewing not admitted
Capacitance deviation in temperature range (-40 +50°C)	±1.5% maximum on capacitance value at 20°C

Life Expectancy

Life Expectancy	100,000 hours at V_{RMS} with $T_{HS} \leq 75^\circ\text{C}$
Capacitance drop at end of life	-5% (typical)
Failure Rate IEC 61709	See FIT Graph

Test Methods

Test voltage term to term (Utt)	$1.5 \times V_{RMS}$ for 10 seconds at 25°C
Test voltage term to case (Utc)	3,600 V ~ 50 Hz for 10 seconds (C44P) 6,000 V ~ 50 Hz for 10 seconds (C20A)
Damp Heat	IEC 60068-2-78
Change of Temperature	IEC 60068-2-14
Vibration Strength	IEC 60068-2-6

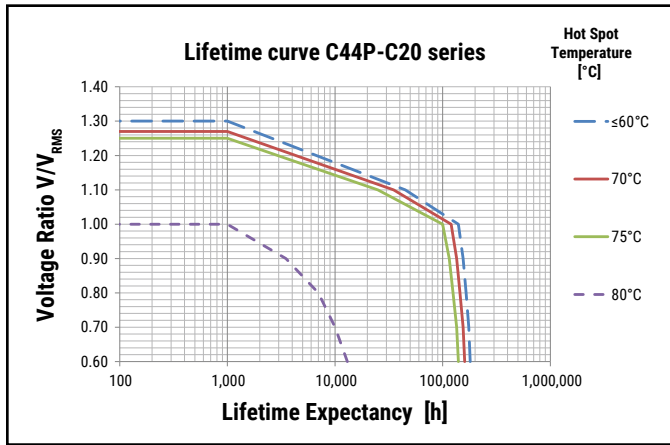
NOTICE: Care should be taken to ensure that there still is electrical clearance of 15 mm between terminations and other live or earthed parts above the capacitor, in case of safety device activation.

Table 1 – Ratings & Part Number Reference

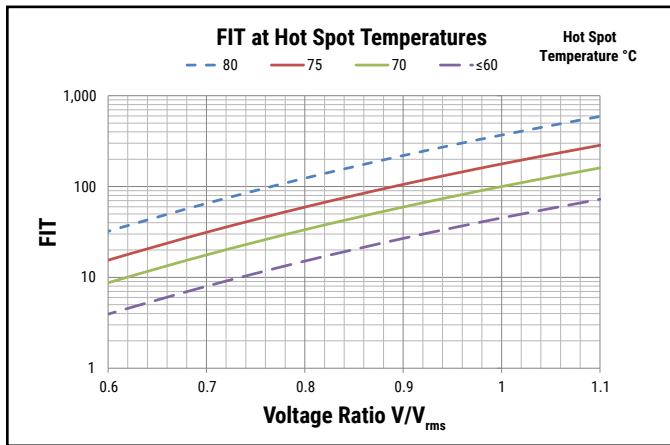
Cap Value (µF)	V _{rms}	Rated Voltage	Surge Voltage	Maximum Dimensions (mm)		Ripple Current	ESR	ESL	Thermal Res	dV/dt (V/µs)	Part Number
	VAC	VDC	VDC	D	H	10 kHz 40°C (A) ¹	10 kHz (mΩ)	(nH)	(°C/W)		
100	330	700	1,050	65	117	25	3.0	115	8.5	12.5	C44PLGR6100AASJ
200	330	700	1,050	65	147	43	2.8	140	5.4	12.5	C44PLGR6200ZASJ
300	330	700	1,050	65	247	50	2.3	150	3.6	12.5	C44PLGR6300ZASJ
300	330	700	1,050	75	197	55	1.4	160	4.2	12.5	C44PLGR6300AASJ
400	330	700	1,050	65	247	55	2.0	160	3.1	12.5	C44PLGR6400ZASJ
500	330	700	1,050	75	247	58	1.8	170	2.9	12.5	C44PLGR6500ZASJ
500	330	700	1,050	85	197	63	1.2	160	3.4	12.5	C44PLGR6500ZBSJ
600	330	700	1,050	85	247	65	1.6	180	2.9	12.5	C44PLGR6600AASJ
600	330	700	1,050	85	280	75	1.1	210	2.4	12.5	C44PLGR6600ZASJ
100	440	1,000	1,500	75	147	30	3.5	145	5.6	20	C44PKGR6100AASJ
100	440	1,000	1,500	65	197	50	2.3	135	4.4	20	C44PKGR6100ZASJ
120	440	1,000	1,500	65	197	50	1.8	165	4.2	20	C44PKGR6120AASJ
133	440	1,000	1,500	65	247	40	3.0	155	3.7	20	C44PKGR6133AASJ
133	440	1,000	1,500	75	197	50	1.6	170	4.0	20	C44PKGR6133ZASJ
150	440	1,000	1,500	65	247	45	2.8	160	3.5	20	C44PKGR6150AASJ
200	440	1,000	1,500	75	247	55	2.4	175	3.2	20	C44PKGR6200AASJ
250	440	1,000	1,500	85	247	60	2.0	175	3.4	20	C44PKGR6250AASJ
300	440	1,000	1,500	85	247	60	1.9	180	2.7	20	C44PKGR6300AASJ
400	440	1,000	1,500	95	247	65	1.7	200	2.5	20	C44PKGR6400AASK
22	550	1,280	1,900	65	117	40	2.1	125	13.3	30	C20AKGR5220AASK
33	550	1,280	1,900	75	117	45	1.6	130	10.6	30	C20AKGR5330AASK
47	550	1,280	1,900	65	197	50	1.4	135	7.8	30	C20AKGR5470AASK
68	550	1,280	1,900	65	247	55	1.7	145	6.2	30	C20AKGR5680AASK
100	550	1,280	1,900	75	247	60	1.4	160	5.2	30	C20AKGR6100AASK
120	550	1,280	1,900	85	247	60	1.3	165	4.6	30	C20AKGR6120AASK
150	550	1,280	1,900	95	247	60	1.2	180	4.4	30	C20AKGR6150AASK
15	640	1,400	2,100	65	117	35	2.5	120	14.1	30	C20ALGR5150AASK
22	640	1,400	2,100	65	147	35	3.0	125	10.9	30	C20ALGR5220AASK
33	640	1,400	2,100	75	147	40	2.2	135	9.1	30	C20ALGR5330AASK
47	640	1,400	2,100	65	247	55	1.9	145	6.3	30	C20ALGR5470AASK
68	640	1,400	2,100	75	247	60	1.6	160	5.3	30	C20ALGR5680AASK
100	640	1,400	2,100	95	247	60	1.3	170	4.4	30	C20ALGR6100AASK
120	640	1,400	2,100	95	247	60	1.3	175	4.1	30	C20ALGR6120AASK
150	640	1,400	2,100	116	247	60	1.2	180	3.8	30	C20ALGR6150AASK
10	780	1,700	2,500	65	117	30	3.0	130	14.1	70	C20AQR5100AASK
15	780	1,700	2,500	75	147	35	3.6	135	10.1	70	C20AQR5150AASK
22	780	1,700	2,500	75	147	40	2.7	140	8.9	70	C20AQR5220AASK
33	780	1,700	2,500	85	147	50	2.0	150	7.6	70	C20AQR5330AASK
47	780	1,700	2,500	75	247	55	1.8	160	5.2	70	C20AQR5470AASK
68	780	1,700	2,500	85	247	60	1.5	170	4.5	70	C20AQR5680AASK
100	780	1,700	2,500	95	247	60	1.3	180	4.0	70	C20AQR6100AASK
15	1,000	2,300	3,300	75	147	33	2.5	150	9.2	85	C20AZGR5150AASK
20	1,000	2,300	3,300	75	140	40	2.1	150	8.3	85	C20AZGR5200ZBSK
22	1,000	2,300	3,300	75	147	35	2.0	155	8.0	85	C20AZGR5220AASK
33	1,000	2,300	3,300	75	247	40	1.7	165	5.3	85	C20AZGR5330AASK
47	1,000	2,300	3,300	85	247	45	1.4	170	4.7	85	C20AZGR5470AASK
68	1,000	2,300	3,300	95	247	55	1.2	180	4.1	85	C20AZGR5680AASK
Cap Value	VAC	Rated Voltage	Surge Voltage	D	H	Ripple Current	ESR	ESL	Thermal Res	dV/dt (V/µs)	Part Number

¹ Maximum admissible RMS current $T_{HS} \leq 75^\circ\text{C}$.

Lifetime Expectancy/Failure Quota Graphs



V = Operating Voltage [VAC]
 V_{RMS} = Rated Voltage [VAC]



Power Losses and Hot Spot Temperature Calculation

At each frequency, the Power Losses are the sum of:

1. Dielectric Power Losses

$$P_D(f) = 2 * \pi * f_i * C * V(f)^2 * \text{tg}\delta_0$$

which can be alternatively calculated as

$$P_D(f_i) = \frac{I(f_i)^2}{2 * \pi * f_i * C} * \text{tg}\delta_0$$

where: $\text{tg}\delta_0 = 2 * 10^{-4}$

2. Joule Power Losses:

$$P_J(f) = R_s * I(f)^2$$

The Total Power Losses are the sum of the components at each frequency:

$$P_T = \sum_i [P_D(f_i) + P_J(f_i)]$$

The Thermal Jump in the Hot Spot is:

$$\Delta T_{HS} = P_T * R_{th-hs}$$

The Hot Spot Temperature is:

$$T_{HS} = T_a + \Delta T_{HS}$$

Limits for the formulas

The limits listed below should not be exceeded:

- $\sqrt{\sum_i V(f_i)^2} \leq V_{RMS}$
- $\sqrt{\sum_i I(f_i)^2} \leq I_{RMS}$

$$T_{HS} = T_a + \Delta T_{HS} \leq (T_{HS})_{MAX}$$

Where T_a is the ambient temperature (steady state temperature of the cooling air flowing around the capacitor, measured at 100 mm of distance from the capacitor and at a height of 2/3 height of the capacitor).

3. Maximum case temperature (T_{CASE}) $\leq 70^\circ\text{C}$

Example of calculation

Part Number: C44PKGR6100AASJ

Rated $V_{RMS} = 440$ [V_{RMS}]

Rated $I_{RMS} = 30$ [A]

$R_s = 3.5$ [m Ω]

$R_{th} = 5.6$ [$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$]

Fundamental Frequency $F_1 = 50$ [Hz]

Ripple Frequency $F_2 = 7000$ [Hz]

Fundamental Voltage $V_1 = 440$ [V~]

Ripple Current $I_2 = 27$ [A]

$T_a = 35^\circ\text{C}$

$I_1 = I(50) = 2 * \pi * 50 * 100 * 10^{-6} * 440 = 13.8$ [A]

$V_2 = V(7000) = [27 / (2 * \pi * 7000 * 100 * 10^{-6})] = 6.14$ [V]

$$I_{RMS} = \sqrt{(13.8^2 + 27^2)} = 30 \leq 30 \rightarrow \text{Admitted}$$

$$V_{RMS} = \sqrt{(440^2 + 6.14^2)} = 440 \leq 440 \rightarrow \text{Admitted}$$

$$P_D(50) = 2 * \pi * 50 * 100 * 10^{-6} * 440^2 * 2 * 10^{-4} = 1.22$$
 [W]

$$P_D(7000) = [27^2 / (2 * \pi * 7000 * 100 * 10^{-6})] * 2 * 10^{-4} = 0.03$$
 [W]

$$P_J(50) = 3.5 * 10^{-3} * [(2 * \pi * 50 * 100 * 10^{-6} * 440)^2] = 0.67$$
 [W]

$$P_J(7000) = 3.5 * 10^{-3} * 27^2 = 2.55$$
 [W]

$$P_T = 1.22 + 0.03 + 0.67 + 2.55 = 4.47$$
 [W]

$$\Delta T_{HS} = 5.6 * 4.47 = 25$$
 [$^\circ\text{C}$]



$$T_{HS} = T_a + \Delta T_{HS}$$

$$T_{HS} = 35 + 25 = 60$$
 [$^\circ\text{C}$] \rightarrow OK since hot spot temperature is less than maximum admitted

Expected Life at $T_{HS} = 75^\circ\text{C} \rightarrow 100,000$ hours (see lifetime curve)

Expected Life at $T_{HS} = 60^\circ\text{C} \rightarrow 140,000$ hours (see lifetime curve)

Marking

KEMET	← Manufacturer Logo
C20AZGR5200ZBSK	← Part Number
20 μ F \pm 10%	← Rated Capacitance and Tolerance.
Urms=1000V~	← Rated Voltage
Irms=50A 50/60Hz	← Rated Current and Frequencies
-25/70/56	← Climatic Category
PROTECTED 1000AFC	← UL Approvals
SH NO PCBs 	← Self-Healing Dielectric. UL Logo.
 B4 11374275	← CE Logo. Production Date and Batch Number.

Dissipation Factor

Dissipation factor is a complex function involved with the inefficiency of the capacitor. The $\text{tg}\delta$ may change up and down with increased temperature. For more information, please refer to Performance Characteristics.

Sealing

Hermetically Sealed Capacitors

When the temperature increases, the pressure inside the capacitor increases. If the internal pressure is high enough, it can cause a breach in the capacitor which can result in leakage, impregnation, filling fluid or moisture susceptibility.

Resin Encased/Wrap & Fill Capacitors

The resin seals on resin encased and wrap and fill capacitors will withstand short-term exposure to high humidity environments without degradation. Resins and plastic tapes will form a pseudo-impervious barrier to humidity and chemicals. These case materials are somewhat porous and through osmosis can cause contaminants to enter the capacitor. The second area of contaminated absorption is the lead-wire/resin interface. Since resins cannot bond 100% to tinned wires, there can be a path formed up to the lead wire into the capacitor section. Aqueous cleaning of circuit boards can aggravate this condition.

Barometric Pressure

The altitude at which hermetically sealed capacitors are operated controls the voltage rating of the capacitor. As the barometric pressure decreases, the susceptibility to terminal arc-over increases. Non-hermetic capacitors can be affected by internal stresses due to pressure changes. This can be in the form of capacitance changes or dielectric arc-over as well as low insulation resistance. Heat transfer can also be affected by altitude operation. Heat generated in operation cannot be dissipated properly and can result in high RI2 losses and eventual failure.

Radiation

Radiation capabilities of capacitors must be taken into consideration. Electrical degradation in the form of dielectric embitterment can take place causing shorts or opens.

Environmental Compliance

As an environmentally conscious company, KEMET is working continuously with improvements concerning the environmental effects of both our capacitors and the production of them.

In Europe (RoHS Directive) and in some other geographical areas like China, legislation has been put in place to prevent the use of some hazardous materials, like Lead (Pb), in electronic equipment. All products in this catalog are produced to help our customers' obligations to guarantee their products to fulfill these legislative requirements. The only material of concern in our products has been Lead (Pb), which has been removed from all designs to fulfill the requirement of containing less than 0.1% of lead in any homogeneous material.

KEMET will closely follow any changes in legislation world wide and makes any necessary changes in its products, whenever needed.

Some customer segments like Medical, Military and Automotive Electronics may still require the use of Lead in electrode coatings. To clarify the situation and distinguish products from each other, a special symbol is used on the packaging labels for RoHS compatible and Pb-Free capacitors.

Because of customer requirements, additional markings such as "LF" for lead-free or "LFW" for lead-free wires may appear on the packaging label.

Materials & Environment

The selection of materials used by KEMET for the production of capacitors is the result of extensive experience and constant attention to environmental protection. KEMET selects its suppliers according to ISO 9001 standards and carries out statistical analysis on the materials purchased before acceptance. All materials are, to the company's present knowledge, non-toxic and free from cadmium, mercury, chrome and compounds, polychlorine triphenyl (PCB), bromide and chlorine dioxins bromurate chlorurate, CFC and HCFC, and asbestos.

Green Products

All KEMET power film products are ROHS Compliant.

Insulation Resistance

When the capacitor temperature increases, the insulation resistance decreases. This is due to increased electron activity. Low insulation resistance can also be the result of moisture trapped in the windings, caused by a prolonged exposure to excessive humidity.

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